Notice: This decision may be formally revised before it is published in the *District of Columbia Register* and the Office of Employee Appeals' website. Parties should promptly notify the Office Manager of any formal errors so that this Office can correct them before publishing the decision. This notice is not intended to provide an opportunity for a substantive challenge to the decision.

THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA BEFORE THE OFFICE OF EMPLOYEE APPEALS

In the Matter of:)
) OEA Matter No. 1601-0005-16
NEPTUNE CARRINGTON,)
Employee)
) Date of Issuance: October 14, 2016
v.)
) Michelle R. Harris, Esq.
OFFICE OF THE STATE) Administrative Judge
SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION,)
Agency)
	_)

Neptune Carrington, Employee, *Pro Se* Hillary Hoffman-Peak, Esq., Agency Representative

INITIAL DECISION

INTRODUCTION AND PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

On October 9, 2015, Neptune Carrington ("Employee") filed a Petition for Appeal with the Office of Employee Appeals ("OEA" or "Office") contesting the Office of the State Superintendent of Education's ("Agency" or "OSSE") decision to terminate her. On November 13, 2015, Agency filed its Answer to Employee's Petition for Appeal. Following an unsuccessful attempt to resolve this matter through mediation, this matter was assigned to the undersigned Administrative Judge ("AJ") on July 18, 2016.

On July 28, 2016, I issued an Order Convening a Prehearing Conference in this matter. The Prehearing Conference was scheduled for September 16, 2016. Additionally, Employee and Agency were directed in the Order to submit Prehearing Statements on or before September 9, 2016. Agency submitted its Prehearing Statement on September 9, 2016. Employee did not submit a Prehearing Statement. On September 16, 2016, Employee failed to appear for the Prehearing Conference. Consequently, on September 16, 2016, I issued an Order for Statement of Good Cause to Employee. Employee was ordered to submit her Prehearing Statement, and a statement of good cause based on her failure to appear at the September 16, 2016 Prehearing Conference. Employee had until September 27, 2016 to respond. To date, Employee has not responded to either Order. The record is now closed.

JURISDICTION

The Office has jurisdiction in this matter pursuant to D.C. Official Code § 1-606.03 (2001).

<u>ISSUE</u>

Whether this appeal should be dismissed for failure to prosecute.

BURDEN OF PROOF

OEA Rule 628.1, 59 DCR 2129 (March 16, 2012) states:

The burden of proof with regard to material issues of fact shall be by a preponderance of the evidence. "Preponderance of the evidence" shall mean:

That degree of relevant evidence which a reasonable mind, considering the record as a whole, would accept as sufficient to find a contested fact more probably true than untrue.

OEA Rule 628.2 *id.* states:

The employee shall have the burden of proof as to issues of jurisdiction, including timeliness of filing. The agency shall have the burden of proof as to all other issues.

ANALYSIS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

OEA Rule 621.3 states in relevant part that the "Administrative Judge, in the exercise of sound discretion, may dismiss the action or rule for the appellant if a party fails to take reasonable steps to prosecute or defend an appeal. Failure of a party to prosecute or defend an appeal includes, but is not limited to, a failure to:

- (a) Appear at a scheduled proceeding after receiving notice;
- (b) Submit required documents after being provided with a deadline for such submission (Emphasis added); or
- (c) Inform this Office of a change of address which results in correspondence being returned."¹

This Office has consistently held that failure to prosecute an appeal includes a failure to appear for scheduled proceedings and submit required documents after being provided with a deadline to comply with such orders.² In the instant matter, Employee was provided notice in both the July 28, 2016, and September 16, 2016, Orders that a failure to comply could result in sanctions, including dismissal. Employee did not respond to either Order. Additionally, all Orders were sent via postal mail service to the address provided by Employee in her Petition for Appeal. Employee's

¹ OEA Rule 621.3, 59 DCR 2129 (March 16, 2012).

² Williams v. D.C. Public Schools, OEA Matter 2401-0244-09 (December 13, 2010); Brady v. Office of Public Education Facilities Modernization, OEA Matter No. 2401-0219-09 (November 1, 2010).

appearance for scheduled proceedings, and responses to each of these Orders were required to ensure an appropriate review and resolution of the matter. Accordingly, I find that Employee has not exercised the diligence expected of an appellant pursuing an appeal before this Office. I further find that Employee's failure to prosecute her appeal is a violation of OEA Rule 621. For these reasons, I have determined that this matter should be dismissed for Employee's failure to prosecute.

<u>ORDER</u>

It is hereby **ORDERED** that the petition in this matter is **DISMISSED** for failure to prosecute.

FOR THE OFFICE:

MICHELLE R. HARRIS, Esq. Administrative Judge